

MICROSCOPE CALCULATIONS ANSWERS

1) Use the information below to calculate the magnification of a microscope

- a) x5
- b) x5
- c) x25
- d) x30
- e) x715
- f) x14
- g) x200
- h) x90000

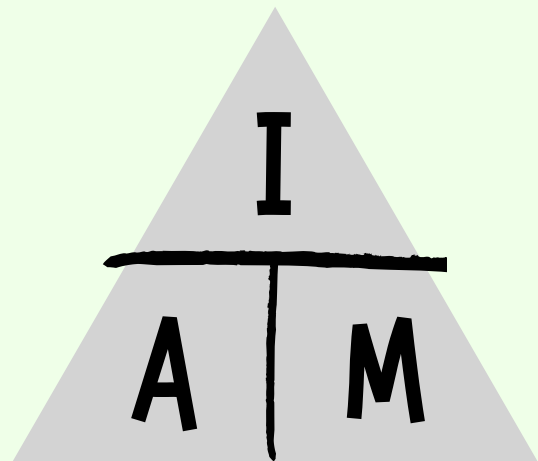
2) Rearrange the equation triangle to calculate the following:

a) $3 / 40 = 0.075\text{mm}$

b) $2 / 10 = 0.2\text{mm}$

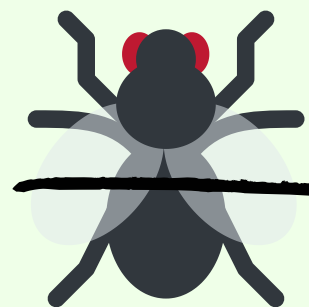
c) $2 \times 20 = 40\text{mm}$

d) $5 \times 30 = 150\text{mm}$

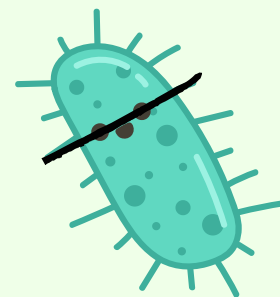


3) Use a ruler to measure the size of each image and use this to calculate the magnification

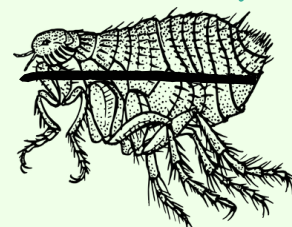
a) Image = **40mm**, Actual = 2mm,
 $40 / 2 = 20\text{x}$



b) Image = **25mm**, Actual = 2.5mm
 $25 / 2.5 = \text{x}10$



c) Image = **30mm**, Actual = 0.5mm
 $30 / 0.5 = \text{x}60$



5) Now use your conversion chart to convert the following units:

$$1\text{m} = 100\text{cm}$$

$$1\text{m} = 1000\text{mm}$$

$$1\text{m} = 1000000 (1 \times 10^6)\mu\text{m}$$

$$1\text{m} = 1000000000 (1 \times 10^9)\text{nm}$$

$$1\text{m} = 1000\text{mm}$$

$$1\mu\text{m} = 1000\text{nm}$$

$$1\text{nm} = 0.001\mu\text{m}$$

$$1\mu\text{m} = 0.001\text{mm}$$

$$12\text{mm} = 12000\mu\text{m}$$

$$15\mu\text{m} = 15000\text{nm}$$

$$5\text{nm} = 0.005\mu\text{m}$$

$$5\mu\text{m} = 0.005\text{mm}$$

6) Use the equations above to calculate:

Image in μm

Actual = $3\mu\text{m}$, Magnification = $\times 40$, Image = $120\mu\text{m}$

Actual in μm

Image = 8mm , Magnification = $\times 40$, Actual = $200\mu\text{m}$
($8000\mu\text{m}$)

Magnification

Image = 10mm , Actual = $50\mu\text{m}$, Magnification = $\times 200$
($10000\mu\text{m}$)



Challenge:

Try and make up your own calculation questions for a partner who has also finished the above. You will need to test your own questions and make sure you can answer them yourself!

Exam style questions

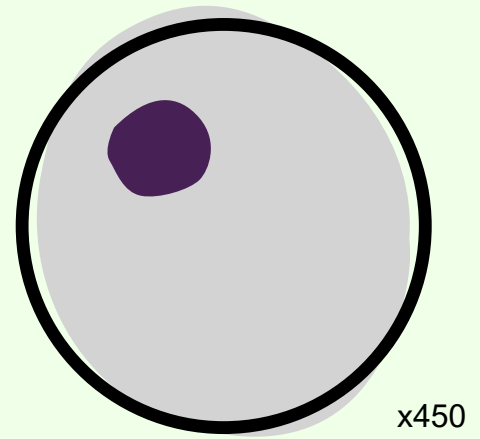
1. A student observes a cell under a microscope.

They see the image which is shown on the right

Calculate the actual diameter of the cell.

Image diameter = approx 5.5cm (1) = 55mm (1)
55mm / 450 (1)

0.122 mm (1) (4)



2. The image of a cell has a diameter of 4.5 millimetres.

The magnification of the image is $\times 300$.

Calculate the diameter of the real cell.

Give your answer in micrometres. (3)

$4.5 \times 1000 = 4500$ (1)
 $4500 / 300 = 15$

15um (1)

3. A student observes a cell under a microscope.

Their findings are shown in the image on the right.

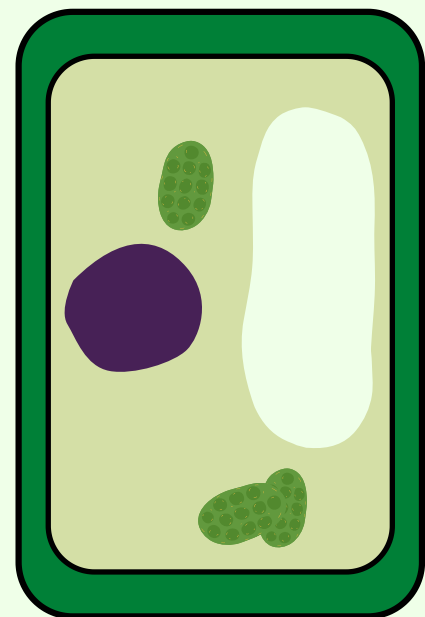
The eyepiece was set at a magnification of $\times 10$.

The objective was set at $\times 40$

ai. Calculate the actual length of the cell.

Give your answer in micrometres. (5)

Total mag: $10 \times 40 = \times 400$ (1)
Image length = 8cm = 80mm (1)
 $80 \times 1000 = 80000\mu\text{m}$ (1)
 $80000/400$ (1)
200um (1)



ii. Convert your answer from (i) into nanometers (2)

200×1000 (1) = 200000nm (1)

iii. Write your answer from (ii) in standard form. 2×10^5 (1)